downfall of this Republic would be the they do not give the rightreasons for it? volved in the approaching contest. It is severest blow that the cause of liberty and The question of prohibiting the circula- known to most of our citizens, that at the self-government could receive, and from tion of incendiary publications, through the next session of our General Assembly, a which its recovery would be hopeless, the post office, has been brought before Con- Senator to represent us for six yeas in the wise and the good amongst them-those gress the present session, and upon the councils of the nation will have to be wise and the good amongst them—those gress the present session, and upon the who are really guided by the principles question shall this vill pass? the vote in chosen to supply the vacancy which will Herald of the 14th inst. but find very little for the annual meeting of Congress," Matamoras, to avoid the Indians, who they who are really guided by the principles question shall this bill pass? the vote in chosen to supply the vacancy which originated in the Senate, has not feared would interrupt them on the other originated in the Senate, has not feared would interrupt them on the other originated in the Senate, has not feared would interrupt them on the other received my signature. The power of track. The Mexicans appeared to wish hended the true bearing of this question. Bill. Does this look like being an aboli- nerally known, that Wille P. Mangum Columbus on the 12th inst. from Fort Congress to fix, by law, a day for the re- themselves at home again, never more to Instead of accusing our countrymen who hold property in slaves, with disregarding the United States for President (a majority the general principles of liberty and the of whom reside in States where Slavery has the declared will of his constituents, that the declared will of his constituents. dictates of a pure religion, they will re- been abolished) although persecuted and during that period, he has not only violat- men of the Gwinnett Company were miss- ment of every succeeding Congress to the cognize, in this class of our citizens, as traduced by the Southern press, and falsesincere friends to the happiness of mankind by branded as our enemy by Southern potemmed and defied the right of instruction, killed out of the company, it is thought, mencement of the first session, does not as any other, and will become sensible liticians, is called upon to vote, and rising that he has set up his will as superior to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people, that he has practice to the will of the people that th causes over which they had no control, petty malice, patriotically looks to the ben- cally enforced the aristocratic doctrine that was thought about 3,500 were on the States. is an inheritance which they only know efit of all, and the preservation of this Un- the "action of the Representative should frontier. how to dispose of. Instead of charging ion and meets the responsibility of record- not be palsied by the will of the people." the people of the non-slave-holding States ing his vote against the abolitionists !- That he has put forth the extraordinary brought to Hawkinsville, for which we House, during the session of Congress, as has often been done, with hypocrisy in And what will be the consequence? His pretension, that the constituent body has are indebted to a gentleman arrived in this shall without the consent of the other, professing an ardent love of freedom they enemies are the foes of Gen. Jackson's ad- no right to instruct its representative city yesterday. will find that the free citizens of the North ministration, and in the Northern States That he has abused and vilified the majo are only acting upon the principles of fi- (especially in Ohio, where Gen. Harrison rity of the Legislature for faithfully exdelity to their most solemn engagements; lives) they will bitterly denounce Mr. Van ecuting the will of the people by instruct- To GEN. WILCOX, that if they were to attempt the accom- Buren as the friend of Slavery for giving ing him. The true issue to be tried in plishment of what is desired of them by this vote. Will that same opposition party the approaching state elections, is whether character has been received from Fort concurrence of the Senate and House of those who regard slavery as inconsistent in North Carolina resist this attempt (of the people have a right to instruct their Jones, near Roanoke, that a large party Representatives may be necessary, (exwith the equal rights on which our insti- their allies in other States) to sacrifice Mr. representatives, whether the representatives are representatives. tutions are founded, they will involve Van Buren for his support of the South? tive is bound to obey the declared will of ternoon, say about 2000, and are now on be presented to the President of the United Rich'd M. Johnson, for Vice President themselves in the odium, either of seeking No indeed they will not But such will the constituent body. The Bank Whigs their march to Florida—they will doubt- States, and, before the same shall take ef. Richard D. Spaight, for Governor. to evade a compact which was the means not be the course of the People of North deny the right of instruction, they encou- less make their way either down on the fect, shall be approved of by him &c. and the pledge of our national existence, Carolina. They have heretofore been rage men to hold on to office against the east side of Flint River, or cross that 2d article, 2d section -- That he (the or of availing themselves of their present generous, they will not now be unjust at will and wishes of the people: and any stream above the border of Baker county President,) may, on extraordinary occapower and unexampled prosperity, to dis- the mere dictation of any party. solve a connexion with their Southern The question of admitting Arkansas in. and resigns or obeys instructions, is un. Ware, to the swamps of Florida. Many or either of them; and in case of disabrethren, formed at a period of mutual to the Union, although her constitution not worthy the confidence and support of the Georgians have been killed from Stewart greement between them, with respect to edversity, for a cause which was then not only tolerates slavery but expressly proonly known to exist, but the continuance bibits its abolition, was lately before Con- other hand, advocate the doctrine to the present crisis, action is eloquence.

ably illustrated.

bond of their Union.

I am, very respectfully, Your obedient servant.

M. VAN BUREN. W. Puizinn. Jackson, N. C.

I shall not go into a particular comparison of the resolutions of our assembly, and Mr. Van Buren's letter. Any man who is not blinded by prejudice, must perceive that those who passed these resolutions and then denounce the doctrines of this in order to delay the action of the House, letter, are in truth condemning themselves. whilst Southern White-men talked against in other places, that of not speaking a service of the United States, they are not disagreement with the other, I am con it is feared, to the wiles of dr southern Here is Mr. Van B ren's letter !- Here are his sentiments. Here also, are the re-sake of delaying the passage of the Bill .solutions of the Assembly-all and every part of each. We in North Carolina, ask nothing more than a perusal of the letter, of Mr. Van Buren, remained all night in and a fair comparison of its sentiments, which resolutions, be it remembered were finally succeeded. No doubt their accus- would be incredible in any but these rival pliment to consult me on all points of imwith the resolutions of the Legislature; introduced by the Whigs (as they call themselves,) and were voted for by all. The position, will be abuse and maledictions. truth is that Mr. Van Buren is not an abolitionist. Many of his enemies in this ple of the south will discover; they must State no doubt wish he was. It is their see in all these things; sufficient evidence wish to preserve their party, to obtain pow- that Mr. Van Buren and his friends are er, to prostrate the principles of the pres- most unjustly accused. ent administration, to excite hostility a gainst Mr. Van Buren and thereby gain White's name before the people as a Can it has been represented, and I have not seen it contradicted. Why do not the party in this State give the general some Van Buren with favoring abolition! How share of their abuse? Why has it not segmed good to our neighbors in Northampton to address their questions to Gen. Harrison, or if they have done it, wherefore happens it that his reply has not been published? Mr. Webster is also one of their candidates, with prospects of success quite equal to Judge White, (and his political friends in North Carolica are all for Judge White) and it is every where known that he entertains opinions on the subjec. cation at your having taken charge of the Stan. of Slavery, which are condemned in this dard. Your last paper in appearance, matter the North have in vain tried to deceive kinsville, on the Oak Mulgee, by wag-North Carolina, affect to denounce with a special and exclusive zeal. Why are not these whig-politicans awakened to a sense these whig-politicans awakened to a sense of our danger from this quarter? Why of our danger from this quarter? Why of our danger from this quarter? Why such as your situation calls for, and the property in the people with names—they tried Federal and prevent them from taking soription list, which it is understood your paper the people with names—they tried Federal and exclusive zeal. Why are not their retreat, and prevent them from taking soription list, which it is understood your paper to fant your danger from this quarter? Why of our danger from this quarter? Why of our danger from this quarter? Why such as your enterprize and industrious habits. Late, long, and heavy rains off any property; The Mexican army unhas, it is hoped will enable you to give to the public approve; and therefore voted against. One of any property; The Mexican army unhas, it is hoped will enable you to give to the public approve; and therefore voted against. One of the Mississippi, I could refer the following of the property. The Mexican army unhas, it is hoped will enable you to give to the public and the property. The Mexican army unhas, it is hoped will enable you to give to the public of the property. The Mexican army unhas, it is hoped will enable you to give to the public of the property. The Mexican army unhas, it is hoped will enable you to give to the public of the Colorado, in the most deplorable to try the once revered name of Whig— to try the once revered name of Whig— to try the once reverse of land by the general government.

of which was expressly recognized in the gress. Some members of that body who most unlimited extent; they hold that, are opposed to the administration and hos- that man who denies the right of instruc-I have thus, gentlemen, been compelled tile to Mr. Van Buren, reviewed the agitat- tion is an enemy to popular sovereignty, to extend my remarks considerably further ing "Missouri question" by proposing to and unworthy the confidence of the peothan I intended, when I commenced to an- refuse the assent of Congress to this part ple. To avoid this issue, the Bank Whigs ower your inquiry. As, however, the of the Arkansas Constitution. Indeed one are endeavoring to raise others. Let the subject was delicate and important, I feel of them proposed to refuse the admission people therefore look to this matter, let that I have not trespassed further upon of Arkansas into the Union, unless the them ascertain what are the political senyour time in its examination than was people of that State would agree to abolish timents of those who aspire to represent eral at Washington. It will be seen that exclusive, but confined to fixing the ad- JOHNATHAN PARKER, of Guilford. proper to enable you to comprehend the Slavery. And what was the result?— them, ere they commit a trust to men who the despositions for the desposition for the despos

spectful to the considerations which justifi- was in favor of admitting her into the Ued your call for those views. And I feel mion without any restrictions. His friends assured, whatever may be the difference voted for her admission and against the

of their Union, and to increase these fraterpoint, and entitled to great consideration parted a new and extraordinary degree of importance to the bill. Instead of reading portion of the southern delegation in . Con- on the next day, the rival, or rather the Wall, C. Yellowly, B. Spruill, and James tinate, and thereby to defeat her claim for it the special order of a day, as if it was a up. admission into the Union. It speaks vol- new matter for the first time to be debated. Halls of Congress, when this Bill was make stump speeches against Mr. Van ed into Georgia the day bebefore I arriv-Halls of Congress, when this Bill was black stump specifies against in the before them—whilst Southern White-men day in stumping at him, contrary to all insist upon its own opinion, and to require the laws which govern stump speaking the troops are mustered into the in order to delay the action of the House. time and otherwise co-operated for the sake of delaying the passage of the Bill.— Mr. Van Buren could not reply, and by commenced yesterday, and will proceed as herewith respectfully returned to the Section of the se Members from the North, who are the the code of the stump should not have rapidly as possible. In the meantime, the nate. I do so with greater reluctance as from his discussible to the detrines of the supporters of the administration and friends session in order to pass this Bill, exerted three against one, and that one "tied to a disposition towards the General Governall their powers to pass it into a law, and tree." The spectacle was mortifying, and ment and its officers, makes me the comtomed return for it from the southern op-But the people of North-Carolina, the peo-

words:-The charge is that Mr. Van some benefit from their exertions to split Buren is an abolitionist. The proof is that speeches. Time was when competitors expected with a company on board, and up the republican party, by using Judge he has denied it by written communications, which are before the whole public. speeches against each other; time is, and men, to points fifty and sixty miles below, didate for President, when it is well known He pledges himself to use all the power of has been for four years past, when the -It is not thought here, that there is any that his election is impossible. They know the Constitution [the veto] in case any that the public are sensitive on the slavery attempt shall be made by Congress to for that purpose, and the game of "three lower down. subject, and hence they have seized on it, legislate on slavery, in or out of the Dis- pluck one" is openly played. What delifeesing this abhorence for abolition and the people of North Carolina, through But the trio did not hurl their hatchets at there are at least 3000 hostile warriors. the vials of their wrath against Mr. Van that he thinks it would be a breach of faith language, they misrepresent his conduct District, & that obligations even stronger vote of the Vice President; but the interletter-they even denounce him because on forbid all legislation on this subject by Gen. Harrison not only believes that Con- mitting Arkansas without restriction. His particularly addressed to Mr. Webster, before the 12th, perhaps the 15th inst. gress possess the power to legislate on sla-very, but that it is their duty to do it. . So rights by passing this bill when South reasoning of the Senater. It is the least that the reasoning of the Senater. It is the reasoning of the senater the reasoning of the senater the reasoning of the senater. It is the reasoning of the senater the reasoning the reasoning of the senater the reasoning of the senater the reasoning the reasoning the reasoning the reasoning the reasonin ern Members abandoned their posts for managers and editors of the opposition their own ease. How absurd then is it,

> ungrateful in the South to persevere in the charge! Much more might be said on this subfect, but it seems to me that I have said enough to disprove the calumny I intended to meet and I am anxious to avoid be-VINDEX.

Mr. Loring .- Permit me to express my gratifistate and which the opposition party in and execution evinces a favorable change in the people with names—they tried Fede-ons. The supplies ordered from New cross and follow the Mexican invaders on

preparative and it sanctioned by the General Government, would inevitably occasion the dissolution of our happy Union.
Seeing the subject in this, its true aspect, and conscious as they must be the the the granting of his applicato the allies of Judge White), are opposed to us out and out—differ from us toto corsion the dissolution of our happy Union.
Seeing the subject in this, its true aspect, and conscious as they must be the the the granting of his applicato the allies of Judge White), are opposed to us out and out—differ from us toto corsion the dissolution of our happy Union, the communication is understood to do so, he would not only pay for them
our State, it occurs to us that it is not imto but consider the granting of his application as a debt of granting of granting of the subject.

CONGRESS

CONGRESS

INCENDIARY BILL

ted the public mind, and have been thought supporters of White, Harrison and Web. the casting vote of the Vice President, ma side of the field of contest. ssness of a party, it is undeniable, that a it the third time, as a matter of course,

most powerful and ready debaters in Congress .- Globe.

FURTHER INDIAN NEWS.

AUGUSTA, GA. June 17.

The following is a copy of an express

HEAD QUARTERS, FORT IRWIN, June 10.

By order of

W. IRWIN, Major General .

all preceding questions which have agita Mr. Van Buren, and are all the triends and bill it will be recollected, was carried by through the hostile ground to the Alaba-

Adjutant General, dated. HEAD QUARTERS, ARMY OF THE SOUTH,

Columbus, Geo., June 2, 1836.

been assailed; on the contrary, he was as Governor, whose own milatary views are apart from this constitutional difficulty, the beloved and glorious Jefferson, and emsailed the more by these preux chevaliers; excellent, and who has the best possible other provisions of it do not appear to me by the tenets of an aristocrasy, whose competitors for the Presidency, who, the portance. He has already taken mearather ruled off the turf at present, are sures to guard the frontier of Georgia, looking to the next heat-the second four above and below this place, against incurmiles-and will carry their rival tactics sions, and particularly to prevent parties far enough to convict themselves before of the enemy from escaping across the the whole country, by spreading their river, in the direction of Florida. Addiprepared and well studied attacks upon a tional measures shall be immediately To sum up the whole in a few successful competitor before the country in adopted, to effect this great object; first, the authentic publication of their own by the employment of a steamer, hourly for the Presidency did not make stump by pushing some companies of mounted

zines. The troops have not suffered, but over 40 votes in our House against it. the supplies have been rather precarious. This state of things must continue at least

To the Senate of the United States.

The Constitution provides -

Ist article, 5th section-"That neither adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place, than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting."

1st article, 6th section-"That every Sin-Information of the most positive order, resolution, or vote, to which the

man who yields to the voice of the people and go through Lee, Irwin, Lonwdes and sions, convene both Houses of Congress, them to such times as he may think pro- WILLIAM A MORRIS, of Anson.

GEO. L. BARRY Adj't General. of adjournment of Congress is not the sub. ABRAM VENABLE, of Granville, ject of legislative enactment. Except in WM. B. LOCKHART, of Northampton, The following late and official intelli- the event of disagreement between the Se- LOUIS D. WILSON, of Edgecomb, gence from the seat of the Creek Indian nate and House of Representatives, the OWEN HOLMES, of New Hanover, war is extracted from a letter from Major president has no right to meddle with the ROBERT LOVE, of Haywood, Gen. Scott addressed to the Adjutant Gen- question, and, in that event, his power is JOSIAH O. WATSON. of Johnston, views I entertain of it, or than was re- Wan Buren, it is perfectly well known, may betray them. - Fayetteville Journal. gia and Alabama against the outrages of ches have disagreed. The question of ad- Ticket. the Indians, and for carrying the war in- journment is obviously to be decided by to the Nation, are being made as rapidly each Congress for itself, by the separate GEN. Dudley and the Indians.—It is known A scene worth being known, was pre as circumstances will permit. The pre- action of each House for the time being, that amongst the favorite measures of Gen. Jackof opinion, if any which exists between restrictions, and they have prevailed over myself and any other portions of my fellow the opposition. Those who endeavored on the bill to prevent the transmission by wards Florida is especially aimed at. the framers of that instrument did not in- of the Mississippi. He conceived it of the highcitizens, that the issue of this matter, as of to revive this subject are the enemies of mail of incendiary publications, which Major Gen. Jessup was about to pass tend one congress should act with or with- est importance as well to the Indians as to the out the Executive aid, for its successors, whites. It saves the Floridans from utter ex As a substitute for the present rule, which homes with peace and quit. Experience has to be pregnant with danger, will, in their ster. These are facts of recent occurrence, hands, be such as to strengthen the bonds and what is yet more conclusive on this of disagreement, the president to decide, vilize them has totally failed. The soundness of it is proposed to fix the day by law, to be Gen. Jackson's policy cannot be questioned. Yet binding in all future time, unless changed against the bill appropriating Five Millions, to "I have the honor to report for the in- by consent of both houses of Congress, the Indians, Gen. Dudley voted. To such votes formation of the Secretary and General-in- and to take away the contingent power of and such language as he and others used in opgress, not having the courage to oppose ex rival competitors for the Presidency, Chief, that I had arrived here three days the Executive, which in anticipated cases position to the policy of Gen. Jackson's recomthe Arkansas bill by a direct and manly took it immediately into their precious ago, in company with his Excellency of disagreement, is vested in him. This mendation, is our bleeding frontier indebted for Messrs. Junius Amis, Isaac Hall, John vote, still used all their efforts to proceas- keeping-postponed it for a week-made Governor Schley and Major General Jes- substitute is to apply, not to the present Congress and Executive, but to our suc-"No event of importance has occurred cessors. Considering, therefore, that this which we shall make concerning the Fedumes on this subject, that whilst Southern The day comes, and the candidates take in or about the Creek country, in a week subject exclusively belongs to the two eral Whig candidate for Governor, we White-men absented themselves from the the field-Webster, Clay, Calhoun-to or two. A small party of the enemy cross Houses of Congress, whose day of ad-refer to his political character alone. It

objectionable. ANDREW JACKSON.

WASHINGTON, June 9 1836. reived by the Senate on the 15th inst. com- various factions, is agreed on two points, municating a correspondence with the Bri- viz .- to condemn every thing done by the tish Government, on the subject- of the present administration, right or wrong, and north-eastern boundary. Referred to the to oppose the election of Mr. Van Buren, Committee on Foreign relations.

to adjourn on the 4th of July.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

Washington City, June 17th, 1836. Sin :- The Senate have this day passed the next Governor of North-Carolina will a bill to regulate the public Deposites and be RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT; but we Senate chamber is converted into a field danger of the Indians attempting to cross divide the surplus fund among the States, should prefer seeing the latter chosen by There will be a surplus of from 20 to 40 the united force of the whole democratic "The strength of the enemy is variously millions next year, to divide. The States republican phalanx, than by a majority of to excite a distrust of Mr. Van Buren. trict. He expresses the same sentiments cacy! What chivalry! How worthy to estimated by well informed persons, from are to have the money according to repre- five or six thousand. That some of the The facts oblige me to say as much. Pro- on this subject, which were delivered by be done in such a place. 2,500 to 5000. Capt. Page thinks that sentation in the Senate and House. We Freemen of North Carolina have been de will strike that out and divide it according ceived by the Federal Whig Party, is true, the friends of abolitionists, they pour out all their Representatives. He boldly avows the prisoner all day long with impunity. I suppose there may have arrived on to representation in the House. If 50 and it is also true that they are about be Mr. Buchanan and several gentlemen his frontier about 1,500 Georgians, mostly, millions are divided next year, North-Ca- ing undeceived, and are returning to their Buren who is not one—they prevert his to attempt the abolition of slavery in the defended the bill, and consequently the I think volunteers. As they are distributed in the line of the bill, and consequently the I think volunteers. As they are distributed in the bill, and consequently the I think volunteers. As they are distributed in the bill, and consequently the I think volunteers. As they are distributed in the bill, and consequently the I think volunteers.

they publish disconnected parts of his than an express constitutional interdict est of the scene was deeply enhanced to- miles on the river, the Governor has not be the words the evening by the constitutional interdict est of the scene was deeply enhanced to- miles on the river, the Governor has not be the constitutional interdict est of the scene was deeply enhanced to- miles on the river, the Governor has not be the constitutional interdict est of the scene was deeply enhanced to- miles on the river, the Governor has not be the constitutional interdict. wards the evening by Mr. Cuthbert tak- been able, as yet, to obtain returns of the na. I am strongly inclined to think the ing that some of the leaders, at least, of the this question he agrees with them. But Mr. Congress. He voted against the aboli- ling the floor, and giving a reply, especial- detachments. He expects as many more, surplus will be 40 millions, during the Federal Whig Party, to which Gen. Dud-Van Buren's real competitor, Gen. Har- tionists and with the South for the Post of ly to Mr. Webster, of the most pungent and the companies almost daily arrive, next year. About its passage there is no ley is attached, desire to deprive the People and the companies almost daily arrive, next year. rison, is totally excused for his heresies. fice Law. He is openly in favor of adthirds can be gotten easily.

rights, by passing this bill, when South- reasoning of the Senator. It is greatly to number of men. By his letter of the 28th posite & Distribution Bill, was 38 years left to the rich and educated." We have be regretted that Mr. Cuthbert pays no at- ultimo, a copy of which is enclosed, it & 6 Nays. The nays were Wright, some foreigners among us, who are montention to the reports of his speechs, which will be seen, that he thinks he will be Grundy, Walker, Black, Cuthbert, and archists, and every one of them. without a occasions them to go to the public in the ready to march upon the enemy the 5th Benton. Mangum voted for it; Brown is solitary exception, condemn the present abbreviated form of the current debates, inst. I doubt, however, whether he has absent, but would have voted for it. I un-administration, oppose the election of Mr. He is now, though too often prevented by been able to secure subsistence for his derstood.—There will be some division. Van Buren, and side with the Federal infirm health from appearing in the de- men, in advance, for eight or even five I fear, among the N. Carolina Delegation; Whigs. Every native monarchist, aristobates, what he was years ago, one of the days. On this side, there are no maga- but not much. I think there will not be crat and disunionist, is also found in the

New Orleans. June 6.

but consider the granting of his applica-tion as a debt of gratitude. General Rusk (with the humanity that ever characterizes The following veto message was receiv-the brave, and which is so little known in the Mexican army) consented to the request. The Mexican army had taken the We received last evening the Columbus The act of Congress, "to appoint a day lower soute, by the way of Copano and



THE STANDAR!

RALEIGH: THURSDAY, JUNE 23rd, 1836.

THE PEOPLE against THE BANK.

Martin Van Buren, & President.

The Election of Governor takes place on the second Thursday in August. The Election for Bresident and Vice President on the second Thursday of November

REPUBLICAN ELECTORS. WILLIAM P. FERRAND, of Onslow, According to these provisions, the day JOHN HILL, of Stokes,

GEN. DUDLEY.-In a few remarks journments is to be fixed, and that each will always afford us pleasure to do justice ect is the subversion of our republicant institutions, and the destruction of the right of suffrage. The party to which General A message from The President, was re- Dudley now belongs, althor composed of fairly or unfairly. The result of the pro-Both houses have passed a resolution sidential or gubernatorial election, are neither of them doubtful, if the people will be true to themselves and attend the pollsin which case the next President of the U. States will be MARTIN VAN BUREN, and

> ly said by them, "that the People are not same ranks. Let the people examine into these things, and judge if they be not so.

Gen. Jackson has always desired the re-Our neighbors seem tired of the name eight days longer, when the one hundred TEXAS -Mr. Groce, a citizen of this in- moval of the Indians; and the wisdom of of Whigs, and show an inclination to seize thousand rations, and other indispensable teresting country, brings news from the this policy is tully manifested in the pre-"pou, and appropriate to themselves the stores shipped from Picolata, St. Augus- belligerents. The Texian army, 1800 sent desolation of our frontier. We give good old name of Republican. It wont line, Savennah, and Charleston, may strong, under the command of Brig. Gen. below the doctrine of Gen. Dudley on this

Buren to differ with any of us in his reasons, will sustain. I rejoice that you have enlisted while he comes to same the conclusion with oproselves, and yet no where be complained of that Gen. Harrison and Mr. Webster of that Gen. Harrison and Mr. Webster of that Gen. Harrison and Bell Whigs probably set out to-morrow for Mont-